

## Quiz 1

### Primary Site and Histology Coding Rules

1. Patient had fine needle aspiration biopsy of a cervical lymph node. Final path diagnosis was fibroblastic reticular cell tumor. You looked up this disease in the ICD-O-3 Manual, and it was not listed in the alphabetic index. What should you do?
  - a. Check Appendix D, New Histology Terms and Codes Hematopoietic and Lymphoid Neoplasms, found in the *2010 Hematopoietic and Lymphoid Neoplasm Case Reportability and Coding Manual*.
  - b. Do not report the case because the disease is not listed in ICD-O-3.
  - c. Enter the disease in the Hematopoietic Database.
  - d. Both a and c.
2. Pathology is not automatically the definitive diagnostic method for hematopoietic neoplasms.
  - a. True
  - b. False
3. Patient has right cervical adenopathy. Biopsy of cervical node documents Burkitt lymphoma/leukemia. Bone marrow biopsy also diagnosed Burkitt lymphoma/leukemia. What is the primary site and what is the histology?
  - a. Primary site = C42.1 (bone marrow); histology = 9826/3 (Burkitt cell leukemia)
  - b. Primary site = C77.0 (cervical lymph node); histology = 9867/3 (Burkitt lymphoma)
4. Final diagnosis: smoldering leukemia. What is the primary site and what is the histology?
  - a. Not reportable
  - b. Primary site = C42.1 (bone marrow); histology = 9800/3 (leukemia)
  - c. Primary site = C42.1 (bone marrow); histology = 9989/3 (myelodysplastic syndrome)
  - d. Other
5. Final diagnosis: non-Hodgkin lymphoma of the gastrocolic and gastropancreatic lymph nodes. What is the code for primary site?
  - a. C77.2 (intra-abdominal lymph nodes)
  - b. C77.8 (lymph nodes of multiple regions)
  - c. C77.9 (lymph node NOS)
  - d. Other

*Case Scenario 1*

Patient had a biopsy of a cervical lymph node. The pathology report indicates Hodgkin lymphoma, nodular sclerosis, grade 2 and large B-cell lymphoma, diffuse.

6. How many primaries are present?
7. What multiple primary rule did you use to determine this?
8. What histology would be assigned to this/these primaries?
9. What Histology rule did you use to determine this?
10. What grade would be assigned to 9591/3 Non-Hodgkin lymphoma, NOS?

## Quiz 2

### CSv2

1. Final diagnosis: plasmacytoma confined to the femur. What is the code for CS Extension?
  - a. 100 – localized
  - b. 800 – systemic
  - c. 999 – unknown
2. Testing of whole blood for the JAK-2 gene mutation is done most often for which disease?
  - a. Leukemia
  - b. Lymphoma
  - c. Multiple myeloma
  - d. Polycythemia vera
3. When completing the data items in the CS lymphoma schema, which of the following sites is lymphatic?
  - a. Appendix
  - b. Gastrointestinal tract
  - c. Nodules in the appendix
  - d. Small intestine
4. The anatomic location of the inguinal lymph nodes is:
  - a. Above the diaphragm
  - b. Below the diaphragm
  - c. On both sides of the diaphragm
5. Different lymph node chains can be part of the same lymph node region.
  - a. True
  - b. False
6. CT scan showed lymph node involvement in hilar and bronchopulmonary lymph nodes. What is the code for CS Extension? (Please use handouts for CS Extension code definition.)
  - a. 100
  - b. 200
  - c. 300
  - d. 999

7. Patient has lymphoma of nodules of appendix, spleen, and colic lymph nodes. What is the code for CS Extension? (Please use handouts for CS Extension code definition.)
  - a. 120
  - b. 210
  - c. 220
  - d. 230
  
8. Pathology from upper gastrectomy: lymphoma confined to the fundus of the stomach. Op report: lesion of the fundus; no lymphadenopathy. What is the code for CS TS/Ext Eval?
  - a. 0 No staging laparotomy done. No autopsy evidence used
  - b. 2 No surgical resection done, but evidence derived from autopsy (tumor was suspected or diagnosed prior to autopsy)
  - c. 3 Staging laparotomy done
  - d. 9 Unknown
  
9. Patient with follicular lymphoma has FLIPI score of 4. What is the code for CS SSF3?
  - a. 000
  - b. 000
  - c. 993
  - d. 999
  
10. If the physician does not assign a risk point value for a patient with lymphoma, the cancer registrar may calculate the score or risk category using information from the medical record.
  - a. True
  - b. False